Novel Pd(0)-Catalyzed Intramolecular Reactions of Allylic Acetates with Allenic Moieties Followed by Tandem Cyclization

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Reactions of π -allylpalladium complexes with various nucleophiles have been widely studied and used for a variety of organic syntheses.¹ Recently, we have reported that the intramolecular reactions of the π -allylpalladium complex with an alkene moiety² give rise effectively to five- or six-membered ring systems.³ Moreover, tandem reactions utilizing a σ -alkylpalladium intermediate I formed by the alkene allylation exhibit a great advantage for the consecutive C-C bond formation, such as carbonylation II and the Heck reaction⁴ III, without losing newly formed stereogenic centers (eq 1).⁵⁻⁷



Although there have been ample examples of the Hecktype carbopalladation to allenes forming a new π -allylpalladium intermediate that mostly undergoes the well known allylation with nucleophiles,8 a few reactions of a π -allylpalladium complex with an allene moiety have been reported.⁹ We wish to report, for the first time, an

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intramolecular version of the Pd(0)-catalyzed reaction of 2,7,8-octatrienyl acetates and 1-vinyl-4,5-hexadienyl acetates where the allene and the π -allylpalladium unit are tethered by two and three carbon chains (eq 2). The



reactions hold salient features as follows: (i) regioselection (path a or path b) definitely favors the fivemembered ring formation, (ii) the allene unit is more reactive toward the π -allylpalladium unit than the other alkene (R = alkenyl group), (iii) intraannular and diastereofacial stereoselectivities¹⁰ in path a are cleanly controlled, and (iv) tandem reactions including either the newly formed σ -vinylpalladium or π -allylpalladium intermediate are developed.

The Pd(0)-catalyzed cyclization of **1a** proceeded in acetic acid at 45 °C under a carbon monoxide atmosphere to give an 82:18 mixture of 2a and 3a (2:1 mixture of meso-diastereomers) in 41% combined yield (Scheme 1). Presumably, the π -allylpalladium intermediate **4** formed from 1a underwent an alkene insertion (or a palladaene reaction) at the proximal site of the allenic unit (path a in eq 2, n = 3) rather than at the other terminal alkene, and the resulting σ -vinylpalladium species 5 gave rise to 2a and 3a via carbonylation¹¹ followed by solvolysis.³ To the best of our knowledge, the regioselection of the present intramolecular carbopalladation to the allene moiety giving an alkenylpalladium intermediate is unprecedented.^{12,13} Since the intraannular diastereoselectivity¹⁰ in the cyclization of **1a** is ambiguous because of symmetrical vinyl groups in 2a, the reaction of 1b that is deuterium labeled was carried out under the same reaction conditions and gave 2b. The trans stereochemistry between the deuterated (>95%) vinyl group and the α -(hydroxycarbonyl)vinyl group was determined by a 10% NOE observation between Ha and Hb protons (Scheme 1). Therefore, the intraannular diastereoselection in the primary cyclization of **4** is shown to be predominantly cis (>88%) and the diastereofacial selectivity between the C-6 and C-3 is 82% *trans*, as indicated in 5.14

The newly formed σ -vinylpalladium intermediates such as 5 could undergo not only carbonylation but also the Heck reaction shown in the reaction of 6 and 8, respectively. Treatment of methyl-substituted analog 6 under the reaction conditions as above gave 7 and three

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Scheme 1



diastereomers (80:14:3:3) in 28% combined yield (eq 3). The reaction of **8** under argon gave **9** in 16% yield, accompanied with a mixture of diastereomers **10** (39%), which was produced by Pd(0)-catalyzed dimerization of the allene moiety¹⁵ and alkene allylation (eq 4). Although



the yields were far from satisfactory in the cyclization of **1**, **6**, and **8**,¹⁵ we found intramolecular carbopalladation to the allene proceeds faster than to the other terminal alkene with a novel regioselection (path a in eq 2, n = 3) and the resulting σ -vinylpalladium intermediates undergo further tandem reactions leading to acrylic acids **2** and **7** and the bicyclic compound **9**.

Keeping the unprecedented regioselection in the cyclizations of π -allylpalladiums with the allenes in mind, we have examined the cyclization of 11, in which the allylic acetate and the allene are tethered by two methylene carbons. Our question is whether the π -allylpalladium intermediate can react at the proximal site of the allenic unit as shown above (path a in eq 2, n = 2) or can react at the distal site of that (path b in eq 2, n = 2), forming a five-membered ring. Treatment of 11 with Pd-(PPh₃)₄ (10 mol %) in acetic acid under carbon monoxide (1 atm) provided an allylic acetate 12 in 64% yield. The initially formed π -allylpalladium complex 13 undergoes exclusively an alkene insertion at the distal site on the allenic unit (path b), resulting in a new π -allylpalladium intermediate 14, which in turn proceeds back to the corresponding allylic acetate 12 (Scheme 2). In fact, shortening the tether by one carbon between the π -allylpalladium and the allene has caused a drastic change in the regioselection of the cyclization.¹⁶



It is thus suggested that the newly formed π -allylpalladium complex 14 could undergo further alkene allylation if another alkene moiety is located at an appropriate position. In fact, this reaction was extended to the formation of tetracyclic diketone 16 (Scheme 3). The Pd(0)-catalyzed tandem cyclization of tetraenyl acetate 15 proceeded in the presence of 10 mol % of Pd(PPh₃)₄ under carbon monoxide (in AcOH, 75 °C) to give tetracyclic compound 16 in 22% yield.¹⁷ The stereochemistries of 16 as well as the skeleton itself were confirmed by decoupling and NOE studies in ¹H NMR. A proposed mechanism is shown in Scheme 3. Considering only one of the four diastereomeric intermediates, i.e., 18 is topologically feasible for the formation of 16, it is noteworthy that the six consecutive C-C bond formation involving four carbopalladation and two carbonylation insertions has taken place in one operation.

In summary, we have demonstrated that the novel intramolecular reactions of the π -allylpalladium intermediates to allene moieties gave two modes of cyclization which could be controlled by the length of a carbon tether between them, and are effective method for construction of carbocycles by tandem reactions.

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Supporting Information Available: Experimental procedures and compound characterization data (17 pages).

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⁽¹⁷⁾ The bicyclic products were also produced in 18% yield *via* β -hydride elimination of the intermediates such as **18**.